

53-1001081-01
September 29, 2008



M5424 SAN I/O Module

QuickStart Guide

BROCADE

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Document History

The following table lists all published versions of the *M5424 QuickStart Guide*.

TABLE 1

Document title	Publication number	Summary of changes	Publication date
<i>M5424 QuickStart Guide</i>	53-1001081-01	New document.	September 2008

Overview

This Quick Start guide is intended as an overview to help experienced installers unpack, install, and configure an 8 Gbps M5424 SAN I/O Module quickly. For detailed installation and configuration instructions, see the *Brocade M5424 SAN I/O Module Hardware Reference Manual*.

NOTE

Throughout this document, the M5424 SAN I/O Module is referred to as the SAN I/O Module.

Unpacking and installing the SAN I/O Module

If the SAN I/O Module is installed in the Blade Server Enclosure that is shipped to you, skip this section. This section applies when installing a new module in an empty bay or replacing an existing SAN I/O Module.

NOTE

The SAN I/O Module is designed to work only in I/O bays B1/B2 and C1/C2 of the Dell M1000e Blade Server Enclosure. Make sure to comply with installation requirements in the Blade Server Enclosure *Hardware Owner's Manual*.

Perform the following steps to remove the SAN I/O Module from its shipping package.

1. Open the shipping box and inspect the contents, making sure that nothing is missing or damaged.
Do not insert a damaged SAN I/O Module into the Blade Blade Server Enclosure. If the SAN I/O Module appears to be damaged, contact your sales representative before proceeding.
2. Remove the cardboard accessory tray from on top of the SAN I/O Module.
This tray contains the documentation, regulatory statements, product information guide, and Documentation CD.
3. Remove the SAN I/O Module from the box.
The protective foam ends will slide out with the SAN I/O Module.
4. Remove the foam ends from the SAN I/O Module.
5. Be sure that you have taken the necessary precautions for electrostatic sensitivity; then break the seal warning.
6. Slide the SAN I/O Module out of the antistatic sleeve and inspect it carefully for any obvious defects or shipping damage.
7. For complete instructions to install the SAN I/O Module into the Blade Server Enclosure, refer to the section on installing an I/O module in the Blade Server Enclosure *Hardware Owner's Manual*.

NOTE

Be sure to remove the protective covers from the external ports before installing the module into the enclosure.

Cabling guidelines

After modifying the SAN I/O Module's IP address and domain name (if Module is in Fabric OS Native mode), we recommend that you cable all external ports to fabric connections before bringing the SAN I/O Module online. Refer to [“Configuring the SAN I/O Module”](#) on page 6 for steps on modifying the IP address.

Begin by cabling ports 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, and 0. Ports 17 and 18 are licensed at the factory as part of Dynamic Ports On Demand (DPOD). By cabling these ports first, you will not need to move licenses to other ports you may have cabled.

Configuring the SAN I/O Module

Use procedures in this section to configure the SAN I/O Module to operate on a network and fabric. Also provided are steps to change the Module's operating mode (Fabric OS Native and Access Gateway modes), activating Ports on Demand (POD), and connecting to the SAN I/O Module using Web Tools.

NOTE

Although the SAN I/O Module is configured at the factory for Fabric OS Native mode, you can enable Access Gateway mode. Refer to procedures under [“Changing from Fabric OS Native to Access Gateway mode”](#) on page 12.

This publication provides procedures that use SAN I/O Module Command Line Interface (CLI) and the Web Tools application. For details refer to the *Brocade Web Tools Administrator's Guide*, *Access Gateway Administrator's Guide*, and *Fabric OS Command Reference Manual*. If the same operation can be performed using the Blade Server chassis management application, use that application instead.

Items required

The following items are required for configuring and connecting the SAN I/O Module for use in a network and fabric:

- The SAN I/O Module installed in a Blade Server Enclosure. For instructions, refer to the steps on installing an I/O module in the *Hardware Owner's Manual* for the Blade Server Enclosure.
- If required, management workstation (computer) that has a terminal emulator (such as HyperTerminal) or a keyboard, video, and mouse (KVM) device. Note that this is only required if not changing the SAN I/O Module IP address through the Blade Server Enclosure GUI or CLI management programs.
- An unused IP address and corresponding subnet mask and gateway address unless DHCP is used.
- If required, a serial cable to connect to the SAN I/O Module serial console port. Note that this is only required if not changing the SAN I/O Module IP address through the Blade Server Enclosure GUI or CLI management programs.
- SFP transceivers and compatible fibre cables, as required.

NOTE

Use only brocade branded SFPs on the external optical ports of this module.

- Access to an FTP server for backing up the SAN I/O Module configuration.
- Access to these publications:
 - *Blade Server Enclosure Hardware Owner's Manual*
 - *Blade Server Enclosure Configuration Guide*
 - *Fabric OS Command Reference Manual*
 - *SAN TECH NOTE – Preparing to Install the Brocade Access Gateway*

- *Access Gateway Administrator's Guide*
- *Web Tools Administrator's Guide*

Modify the SAN I/O Module IP address

By default, the IP address for the SAN I/O Module is configured as 10.77.77.77 with a default Ethernet subnet mask of 255.255.255.0.

Reset the IP address using three methods. If the IP values are set using either of these methods, the IP values are stored on the SAN I/O Module.

- SAN I/O Module Command Line Interface (CLI).
- Blade Server Enclosure CMC CLI.
- Blade Server Enclosure CMC graphical user interface (GUI).

ATTENTION

Do not connect the SAN I/O Module to the internal network until the IP address is correctly set for your Ethernet network requirements.

NOTE

It is recommended that you set the IP address using the Blade Server Enclosure CMC GUI application because this enables centralized management of the SAN I/O Module.

Using the SAN I/O Module CLI to set the IP address

Use the following tasks to change the IP address on the SAN I/O Module using the Module's CLI:

Task 1: Establish a terminal session with the SAN I/O Module

Use these steps to establish a terminal emulation session between the SAN I/O Module and a Blade Server Enclosure management workstation used for managing the I/O Module. Once this session is established, you can log into the Module and use its CLI commands to manage the module.

1. Connect a serial cable between the serial console port on the SAN I/O Module and a Blade Server Enclosure management workstation that can establish a terminal emulation session with the SAN I/O Module. For instructions, refer to *Configuration Guide* for your Blade Server Enclosure.
2. Disable any serial communication programs that are running on the workstation.
3. Using a terminal emulator application (such as HyperTerminal on a PC or TERM in a LINUX or UNIX environment), establish a terminal session to the SAN I/O Module from the management workstation. You will use this connection if you want to reset the module's IP address using CLI commands and perform other configuration tasks.

For Windows 95, 98, 2000, XP or NT

- a. Click **Start** and select **Programs -> Accessories -> Communications**.
- b. Select **Hyperterminal** and enter a name for the connection.
- c. From the Hyperterminal window, click the **Connect** drop-down menu and select an available COM port.
- d. Click **OK**.

e. From the **COM Port Properties** window, select the following configuration values:

- Bits per second: 9600
- Databits: 8
- Parity: None
- Stop bits: 1
- Flow Control: None

For LINUX or UNIX

a. Enter the following at the command prompt:

```
tip /dev/ttyb -9600
```

b. When the terminal application stops reporting information, press **Enter** to display the login prompt.

c. Log in to the default administrative account using the following identification:

```
Login: admin
```

```
Password: password
```

d. When prompted either change the administrative password, or press **Ctrl-C** to bypass.

Task 2: Changing the IP address

1. Verify that the SAN I/O Module has completed POST. When POST is complete, the port status and SAN I/O Module power and status LEDs return to a standard healthy state.
2. Enter the CLI **ipAddrSet** command.

Follow on-screen instructions and supply the correct information, as shown in the following example.

```
switch:admin> ipaddrset
Ethernet IP Address [10.77.77.77]:10.32.53.47
Ethernet Subnetmask [255.255.255.0]:255.255.240.0
Fibre Channel IP Addresss [none]:
Fibre Channel Subnetmask [none]:
Gateway IP Address [0.0.0.0]:10.32.48.1
DHCP [Off]:
IP address is being changed...Done.
```

3. Enter **ipAddrShow** at the prompt to verify that the address was correctly set.

Using the CMC CLI to set the IP address

Use the following steps to connect modify the SAN I/O Module IP address through the CMC CLI.

1. Establish a Telnet session to the CMC CLI.
2. At the command prompt, type **connect switch-x** where x is the bay where the SAN I/O Module is installed. For example, **switch-x** can be:
 - **Switch-3** for SAN I/O Module installed in bay B1.
 - **Switch-4** for SAN I/O Module installed in bay B2.
 - **Switch-5** for SAN I/O Module installed in bay C1.
 - **Switch-6** for SAN I/O module installed in bay C2.
3. At the login prompt, enter the default user name as “admin” and password as “password”.

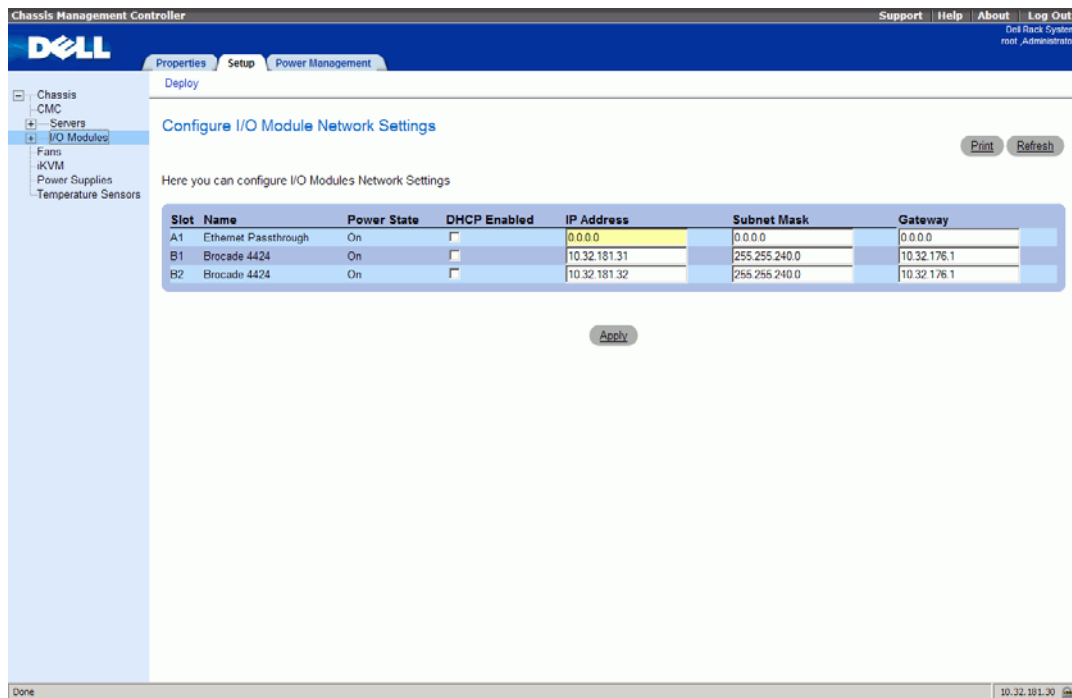
4. Use the appropriate CLI commands to change the IP address of the selected SAN I/O module. Refer to your Blade Server Enclosure CLI documentation.

Using the CMC GUI to set the IP address

To change the IP address, use the following steps:

1. Open the CMC application's **Setup** tab.
2. Enter the new information in the **IP Address**, **Subnet Mask**, and **Gateway** fields as appropriate and click **Apply**.
3. To enable DHCP, select **DHCP Enabled** and click **Apply**.

FIGURE 1 CMC Setup Tab



NOTE

Refer to the documentation for the CMC GUI application for additional detail.

Connecting the SAN I/O Module to the Ethernet network

Once you have successfully set the appropriate IP address of the SAN I/O Module, you can establish an Ethernet connection through the Chassis Management Controller (CMC) to a remote management workstation for any additional configuration. The management workstation must be on the same Ethernet subnet as the CMC.

NOTE

Ensure that the SAN I/O Module is not being modified from any other connection until configuration is complete.

Connecting the SAN I/O Module to the fabric

NOTE

Refer to “[Cabling guidelines](#)” on page 6 before beginning the following procedure.

Before beginning the following steps, determine whether the SAN I/O Module is in Access Gateway or Fabric OS Native mode. This affects the configuration process. Using the SAN I/O Module CLI, you can enter the **ag --modeShow** command to determine the current operating mode.

1. If the SAN I/O Module is in Fabric OS Native mode, continue with [step 2](#) and [step 3](#). If the Module is in Access Gateway Mode, go on to [step 4](#).
2. Log onto the SAN I/O Module through a Telnet connection, using the admin account.
3. Modify the domain ID if required using SAN I/O Module CLI commands.

The default domain ID is 1. If the SAN I/O Module is not powered on until after it is connected to the fabric and the default domain ID is already in use, the domain ID for the new SAN I/O Module is automatically reset to a unique value. If the SAN I/O Module is connected to the fabric after it has been powered on and the default domain ID is already in use, the fabric segments.

To find the domain IDs that are currently in use, run the **fabricShow** command on another SAN I/O Module in the fabric. Identify an unused domain ID:

- a. Disable the SAN I/O Module being configured using the **switchDisable** command.
- b. Enter the **configure** command at the root prompt.

The command prompts display sequentially. Enter a new value at the Domain prompt or press **Enter** to accept the default value. The SAN I/O Module now has a unique domain ID and can join the fabric. Following is an example of command output.

```
Fabric parameters (yes, y, no, n): [no] y

Data field size: (256..2112) [2112]
Sequence Level Switching: (0..1) [0]
Disable Device Probing: (0..1) [0]
Suppress Class F Traffic: (0..1) [0]
Switch PID Format: (1..2) [1]Configure...

Domain: (1..239) [1] 155
R_A_TOV: (4000..120000) [10000]
E_D_TOV: (1000..5000) [2000]
WAN_TOV: (0..30000) [0]
MAX_HOPS: (7..19) [7]

Per-frame Route Priority: (0..1) [0]
Long Distance Fabric: (0..1) [0]
BB credit: (1..27) [16]

Insistent Domain ID Mode (yes, y, no, n): [no]
Virtual Channel parameters (yes, y, no, n): [no]
F-Port login parameters (yes, y, no, n): [no]
Zoning Operation parameters (yes, y, no, n): [no]
RSCN Transmission Mode (yes, y, no, n): [no]
Arbitrated Loop parameters (yes, y, no, n): [no]
System services (yes, y, no, n): [no]
Portlog events enable (yes, y, no, n): [no]
ssl attributes (yes, y, no, n): [no]
http attributes (yes, y, no, n): [no]
```



```
snmp attributes (yes, y, no, n): [no]
rpcd attributes (yes, y, no, n): [no]
cfgload attributes (yes, y, no, n): [no]
webtools attributes (yes, y, no, n): [no]
System (yes, y, no, n): [no]
```

WARNING: The domain ID will be changed. The port level zoning may be affected

- c. Re-enable the SAN I/O Module by entering the **switchEnable** command.

NOTE

It could take a short time (typically a few seconds, but sometimes up to 20 seconds) for the newly added SAN I/O Module to appear in the fabric display with its newly assigned domain ID.

4. If you need to install SFP transceivers, install them in the external Fibre Channel ports as required.
 - a. Remove the dust plugs from the ports to be used.
 - b. If necessary, remove the end caps from the SFP.
 - c. Orient the transceiver correctly and insert it into a port until it is firmly seated and the latching mechanism clicks.

For instructions specific to the type of transceiver, refer to the transceiver manufacturer's documentation.
 - d. Repeat substeps a, b, and c for the remaining ports, as required.

NOTE

Use only brocade branded SFPs on the external optical ports of this module.

5. Connect the cables to the transceivers.

The transceivers are keyed to ensure correct orientation. If a transceiver does not install easily, ensure that it is correctly oriented and that the end caps have been removed. The cables used in trunking groups must meet specific requirements. For a list of these requirements, see the *Fabric OS Administrator's Guide*.

ATTENTION

A cable should not be bent to a radius less than 5.08 cm (2 inches) under full tensile load and 3.048 cm (1.2 inches) with no tensile load.

Tie wraps are not recommended for optical cables because they are easily overtightened.

- a. Orient a cable connector so that the key (the ridge on one side of connector) aligns with the slot in the transceiver.
 - b. Insert the cable into the transceiver until the latching mechanism clicks. For instructions specific to cable type, refer to the cable manufacturer's documentation.
 - c. Repeat for the remaining transceivers as required.
6. Check the LEDs to verify that all components are functional.

For information about LED patterns, see the "Operating the SAN I/O Module" chapter in the *Brocade M5424 SAN Blade Server I/O Module Hardware Reference Manual*.
 7. Verify the correct operation of the SAN I/O Module by typing the **switchShow** command from the workstation.

This command provides information about SAN I/O Module and port status.
 8. Verify the correct operation of the SAN I/O Module in the fabric by typing the **fabricShow** CLI command from the workstation.

9. Back up the SAN I/O Module configuration to an FTP server by typing the **configUpload** command and following the prompts.

This command uploads the SAN I/O Module configuration to the server, making it available for downloading to a replacement SAN I/O Module if necessary. Brocade recommends backing up the configuration on a regular basis to ensure that a complete configuration is available for downloading to a replacement SAN I/O Module.

For specific instructions about how to back up the configuration, see the *Fabric OS Administrator's Guide*. The **switchShow**, **fabricShow**, and **configUpload** commands are described in detail in the *Fabric OS Command Reference Manual*.

Changing from Fabric OS Native to Access Gateway mode

If your SAN I/O Module is currently configured in Fabric OS Native mode you can enable Access Gateway mode using the following instructions. You can log into the SAN I/O Module and enable Access Gateway mode using either Web Tools or the SAN I/O Module command line interface (CLI).

Notes

- Although the module ships from the factory in Fabric OS Native mode, you can enable it in Access Gateway mode,
- Determine if the SAN I/O Module is running in Fabric OS Native mode by entering the **switchShow** CLI command to display the current switch configuration. If running in Fabric OS Native mode, the switchMode parameter should display **Native**.
- Enabling Access Gateway mode is a disruptive process because the switch is disabled and rebooted. Once you enable the SAN I/O Module in Access Gateway mode, only a limited subset of Fabric OS commands are available and all fabric-related service requests are forwarded to the fabric switches. See the *Access Gateway Administrator's Guide* for more information.
- When you enable Access Gateway mode some fabric information is erased, such as the zone and security databases. To recover the information save the switch configuration before enabling Access Gateway mode.

Web Tools

Complete the following steps to enable Access Gateway mode using Web Tools.

1. From the management console, open a Web browser.
2. Enter the IP address of the SAN I/O Module into the Address field of the Web browser.
See the *Web Tools Administrator's Guide* for more information on using Web Tools.
3. Log into Web Tools using the default administrative account.
Login: admin
Password: password
4. From the Fabric Tree, select the SAN I/O Module.
The selected SAN I/O Module appears in the Switch View.
5. Click the **Switch Admin** button in the WebTools Manage taskbox.
The Switch Administration window opens.

NOTE

You should save the configuration file if you are converting an SAN I/O Module to Access Gateway mode. To save your current configuration, click the **Show Advanced Mode** button in the top right-hand corner of the Switch Administration window. Select the **Configure** tab, then select the **Upload/Download** tab. Enter the relevant information to upload the configuration file.

6. From the Switch Status section, click **Disable**.
7. From the Access Gateway Mode section, click **Enable**.
8. Click **Apply**.
9. When prompted, click **Yes** to restart the SAN I/O Module in Access Gateway mode.
The current Web Tools session closes; relaunch Web Tools after the SAN I/O Module reboots.

Command Line Interface

Complete the following steps to enable Access Gateway mode using the CLI.

1. Log in using the default administrative account.

```
Login: admin
```

```
Password: password
```

2. Enter the following command to disable Fabric OS Native mode.

```
switchDisable
```

3. Enter the following command to save the current configuration on the SAN I/O Module.

This command is optional and is only required if you are converting an existing SAN I/O Module to Access Gateway mode.

```
configUpload Save
```

4. Enter the following command to enable Access Gateway mode:

```
ag --modeEnable
```

The SAN I/O Module automatically reboots and comes back online in Access Gateway mode using a factory default F_Port to N_Port mapping. You can enter the **ag --modeShow** command to ensure that the module is in Access Gateway mode. See the *Access Gateway Administrator's Guide* for more detailed configuration information.

You can also enter the **ag --mapshow** command to display the F_Port to N_Port mapping. Enter **ag --help** command to display a list of all Access Gateway actions.

Changing from Access Gateway to Fabric OS Native Mode

If your SAN I/O Module is currently configured in Access Gateway mode, you can enable the module for Fabric OS Native mode by disabling Access Gateway mode. When you do this, the module automatically reboots in Fabric OS Native mode.

Determine if the SAN I/O Module is running in Access Gateway mode by entering the **switchShow** CLI command to display the current switch configuration. If running in Fabric OS Native mode, the switchMode parameter should display **Access Gateway Mode**.

For complete instructions on disabling Access Gateway Mode using the CLI and joining the switch to the fabric, refer to the “Disabling Access Gateway Mode” section in the *Access Gateway Administrator’s Guide*.

NOTE

Disabling Access Gateway mode is disruptive because the switch is disabled and rebooted. Always back up the current configuration before enabling or disabling Access Gateway mode. Enabling Access Gateway mode clears the security and zone databases. Disabling Access Gateway mode clears the F_Port to N_Port mapping.

Activating Ports on Demand (POD)

Ports on Demand (POD) licensing allows you to enable up to 24 ports from the initial 12 ports. Add optional POD licenses using either Brocade Web Tools or a Telnet connection; do not use the Blade Server Enclosure CMC software.

Ports on Demand is ready to be unlocked in the SAN I/O Module firmware. A POD license might be supplied with SAN I/O Module software, or you can purchase the license separately from your SAN I/O Module vendor, who will provide you with a key to unlock it.

Once you have installed the license keys, you must enable the ports. You can do so without disrupting SAN I/O Module operation, or alternatively, you can disable and re-enable the SAN I/O Module to activate all ports.

If you remove a POD License, ports that were enabled by that license are disabled.

Activating ports with a POD license

You can activate ports with a POD license while the SAN I/O Module is connected to existing SANs or before connecting to an existing SAN.

For SAN I/O Modules already connected to existing storage networks:

1. Add the POD license using Web Tools or CLI.
2. Enable each newly licensed port using Web Tools or CLI.

NOTE

This method is non-disruptive to existing servers and storage connecting to SAN I/O Module.

For new SAN I/O Module installations, perform the following *before* connecting to an existing SAN.

ATTENTION

Do not use this method if the SAN I/O Module is operating in an existing SAN because traffic will be disrupted.

1. Disable the SAN I/O Module.

NOTE

If Secure Fabric OS (Secure FOS) is enabled, you cannot use Telnet or SSH to disable the module. For details about using Web Tools, refer to the *Web Tools Administrator’s Guide*. For details about the CLI, see the *Fabric OS Command Reference Manual*.

2. Add the POD license using Web Tools or the CLI.
3. Enable the SAN I/O Module using Web Tools or CLI. When the SAN I/O Module is enabled, the newly-added POD ports are also enabled.

Connecting to the SAN I/O Module Using Web Tools

Complete the following steps to connect to the SAN I/O Module using Web Tools.

1. On the management console, open a Web browser such as Internet Explorer.

The Web browser must be connected to the same network as the SAN I/O Module.

2. Enter the IP address of the SAN I/O Module in the address field and press **Enter**.

For more information about using Web Tools, see the *Web Tools Administrator's Guide*.

